**Period 2: Terms and People**

Directions: Each Period/Unit you will get a list of terms and people, questions on the unit, and AP Exam tips. You are to define the significance of the terms/people and answer the questions. When explaining the significance, your answers should be thorough and detailed. The due date is the day of the exam and will be given back to you when we go over the exam. You will place these in your binder.

1. New York
2. Beaver Wars
3. Jesuit Missionaries
4. John Calvin
5. Pilgrims
6. Mayflower Compact
7. Puritans
8. John Winthrop
9. Massachusetts Bay Colony
10. Congregationalists
11. Predestination
12. The “elect”
13. Roger Williams
14. Rhode Island
15. Anne Hutchinson
16. Connecticut Colony
17. Puritan-Pequot War
18. Puritan Revolution in England
19. Salem Witch Trials
20. Metacom’s War
21. Pueblo Revolt
22. Bacon’s Rebellion
23. English Civil War
24. The Carolinas
25. Proprietorship
26. New England: Massachusetts Bay, Plymouth, Connecticut, New Haven, Rhode Island
27. Chesapeake Bay: Virginia and Maryland
28. Restoration Colonies: Carolina, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania
29. English Quakers
30. Rice cultivation
31. William Penn
32. Navigation Acts
33. Glorious Revolution
34. John Locke
35. William and Mary: constitutional monarchs
36. Tribalization
37. Covenant Chain
38. War of Spanish Succession
39. South Atlantic System
40. Middle Passage
41. Stono Rebellion
42. Transatlantic Commerce
43. Salutary Neglect
44. War of Jenkin’s Ear
45. War of Austrian Succession
46. Molasses Act of 1733
47. Redemptioner System
48. Enlightenment
49. Pietism
50. Natural Rights
51. Benjamin Franklin and Enlightenment
52. Deism
53. Great Awakening
54. Johnathan Edwards
55. George Whitefield
56. Old and New Lights
57. Why did New France and New Netherland struggle to attract colonists?
58. What made New England different from New France and New Netherland?
59. Compare the pressures that Native American groups faced from colonists in New England and New Mexico. What was similar, and in what ways did their circumstances differ?
60. In what ways was Bacon’s Rebellion symptomatic of social tensions in the colony of Virginia?
61. How did the turmoil of the English civil war affect England’s colonial enterprises?
62. How did the ambitions of Charles II and James II remake English North America?
63. How did the Glorious Revolution affect relations between England and its colonies?
64. What did Native Americans have to gain by participating in imperial wars?
65. How did the South Atlantic System affect the British economy?
66. How did the experiences of slaves in the Chesapeake differ from their experiences in South Carolina?
67. How much autonomy could slaves attain, and what did slave owners do to control them?
68. How did the planter elite maintain alliances with their smallholder neighbors?
69. How did the rise of the South Atlantic System impact economic development in the northern colonies?
70. What explains the increasing political autonomy of the colonies in the 18th century?
71. What ideas, institutions, and responsibilities shaped New England farm women’s lives?
72. What factors threatened the freeholder ideal in midcentury New England, and what strategies did farming families use to preserve this ideal?
73. How did immigration and economic growth trigger conflict in the Middle colonies?
74. What attracted German and Scots-Irish migrants to Pennsylvania in such large numbers?
75. What issues divided the various ethnic and religious groups of the Middle colonies? What core values did they agree upon?
76. What conditions and ideas lay behind the emergence of the Enlightenment of the Enlightenment in America?
77. What did the Enlightenment and Pietism have in common, and how did they differ?

AP Exam Tips:

1. A critical idea is the role of European rivals in altering conflicts between Native American groups in North America.
2. Identifying the conflicts between the interests of European governments and the colonists they sent to the New World is a key idea for the AP Exam.
3. The impact of “A City upon a Hill” is a “must know” for the AP exam.
4. Take detailed notes on the causes and effects of conflicts between British settlers and American Indians.
5. Note the differences in the ways that historians interpret evidence related to the Salem witch trials.
6. Compare attempts by Native populations to maintain autonomy in the face of European encroachment in British North American.
7. Evaluate the impact pf the Pueblo Revolt on Spanish policy in North America.
8. Recognizing the difficulties faced by the British in exercising imperial control in North America is critical for success.
9. Take detailed notes on the responses of colonists to British attempts to impose mercantilist economic policies.
10. Comparing the ideas of John Locke to existing ideas of self-government in the colonies is a good way to contextualize the Enlightenment.
11. Evaluate the impact of European imperial rivalries on conflict and cooperation with American Indian populations.
12. Identifying the causes of African slave trade is a “must know.”
13. Take detailed notes on the distinctions between the slave systems that developed in different British colonies.
14. Compare the ways that enslaved Africans overtly and covertly resisted slavery’s dehumanizing effects.
15. It’s important to make connections between the economy that developed in various colonies and the social hierarchy that came to dominate British North America.
16. Take note on the role of women in New England families as they developed a thriving mixed economy based on farming and commerce.
17. Compare the impact of demographic changes on the colonial regions.
18. Reorganizing the cause of diversity in the Middle colonies and its impact on the region’s development is a “must know.”
19. Evaluate the relationship between diversity and tolerance in the Middle colonies and compare it to other colonial regions.
20. The impact of the flow of ideas through print culture common in the Atlantic world is a “must know.”
21. Compare the impact of Enlightenment rationalism and Pietism on colonial development.
22. Analyze the impact of the Great Awakening on increasing pluralism in the British colonies.
23. Compare the impact of colonial rivalries in the Ohio Valley on American Indian populations to earlier imperial rivalries involving native groups.